

measurable characters of the three species reveals such a large number of differences that their digital similarities are probably due to parallelism and are therefore homoplastic but not homologous.

Remarks: The holotype of *Diplodactylus maini* was collected at night on unblown yellow sand. The two specimens from Newman Rock were collected at night in a eucalypt woodland.

FROM FIELD AND STUDY

A Record of the Euro near Toodyay.—Barker (*W.Aust. Nat.*, 6, 1958: 154) records the occurrence of the Euro (*Macropus robustus*) in the Mokine area. I wish to add to his observations by reporting the sighting of four Euros at Culham in September 1960. The animals were all a dark brick red colour. One of them appeared sick, it was extremely thin and fell over several times as it hopped away.

The country where the sightings were made, is typical Wandoo breakaway, similar to that described by Barker at Mokine.

—P. McMILLAN, Guildford.

Glossy Ibis in the South-West.—The last published record of this species in the South-West (*W.A. Nat.*, 6: 55 and 6: 150) is of a single bird in the Fremantle area during November 1956 and January-February 1957. There are only half a dozen other published records for the South-West.

On February 6, 1962, I saw a Glossy Ibis (*Plegadis falcinellus*) at a backwater of the Peel Inlet near the area known as "The Chimneys." It was perched on a rock in company with Little Pied Cormorants (*Phalacrocorax melanoleucos*) and a few White-faced Herons (*Notophoxyx novae-hollandiae*), and Eastern Curlew (*Numenius madagascariensis*) were feeding in the close vicinity.

R. H. Stranger and Brian Leaky saw two Glossy Ibis flying over the northern section of Lake Joondalup (2½ miles north-west of Wanneroo township) during March 1959.

—A. A. BURBIDGE, Mandurah.

The Crested Pigeon Breeding near Northam.—The following item is a further contribution to the documentation of the gradual extension southwards of the Crested Pigeon (*Ocyphaps lophotes*). On September 8, 1961, I found a pair of Crested Pigeons nesting in a needlewood tree (*Hakea preissii*), at Seabrook, 4 miles S.E. of Northam. There were two eggs in the nest and these were still unhatched on September 20. When I next visited the nest, on the 25th, both eggs had hatched and subsequently the parent birds were observed with the young ones on several occasions.

Although Crested Pigeons have been seen in this area for several years, this is the first time I have recorded them nesting here.

—A. L. MILHINCH, Seabrook, via Northam.

Spread of the Crested Pigeon.—The southward movement of the Crested Pigeon (*Ocyphaps lophotes*) is further indicated by the following records:—